

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON
PORTLAND DIVISION

**MASONRY INDUSTRY TRUST
ADMINISTRATION, INC.,**

Plaintiff,

No. 3:10-cv-01575-HU

v.

OPINION AND ORDER

MARK ARSENAULT,

Defendant.

MOSMAN, J.,

On January 9, 2012, Magistrate Judge Hubel issued his Findings and Recommendation (“F&R”) [23] in the above-captioned case, recommending that plaintiff’s motion for default judgment [16] be granted in part and denied in part, and that judgment be entered against defendant. No objections were filed.

DISCUSSION

The magistrate judge makes only recommendations to the court, to which any party may file written objections. The court is not bound by the recommendations of the magistrate judge, but retains responsibility for making the final determination. The court is generally required to make a de novo determination of those portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an objection is made. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). However, the

court is not required to review, under a de novo or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the F&R to which no objections are addressed. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985); *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003). While the level of scrutiny under which I am required to review the F&R depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, I am free to accept, reject, or modify any part of the F&R. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C).

Upon review, I agree with Judge Hubel's recommendation and I ADOPT the F&R [23] as my own opinion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 7th day of February, 2012.

/s/ Michael W. Mosman
MICHAEL W. MOSMAN
United States District Court